2021-2022年九年级上期期末英语专题训练(广西柳州市)

1. 单选题 with the second "I" ___ a letter. A.am B.is C.are 2. 单选题 The stones came from about A.200 kilometres far B.200 kilometres far away C.200 kilometres away 3. 单选题 They will next week. A.have three days off B.have off three days C.have three-days off 4 单诜题 70 years since the People's Republic of China was founded in 1949. It A.is B.was C.has gone WWW. WW 5 单洗题 Cheng Chenyu can look after himself. it won't be easy for him. A.but B.although C.so 6 单诜题 shouting, please! It's against the rules. A.Don't B.Not C.No 7. 单选题 I will the newspaper to see what happened yesterday. A.look through B.look up C.look down 8. 单选题 Is this school ____ you visited last week? A.which B.where C.the one 9. 单选题 -Has the teacher told you -In a few days. A.when will he be back B.when he will be back C.when he would be back 10 单诜题 _ one carbon atom (碳原子) and two oxygen (氧) atoms CO2 is A.made from B.made of C.made up of 11 完型填空 But there are many other uses. Only half of the world's paper _____ for books and newspapers. When we think of paper, we think of newspapers and warm. You have perhaps seen homeless men asleep on a large number of newspapers. In Finland, it is Paper is very good for keeping -40°C in winter. The farmers wear paper boots (靴子) in the snow. Nothing could be _ Each year, more and more things are made of paper. We _ _____ paper cups and plates for a long time. But now we hear that chairs, tables, and even beds can be paper. With paper boots and shoes, you can also wear paper hats, paper dresses, and paper raincoats. When you have used them once, you throw them made 📕 away buy new ones. ~~

The latest use of paper seems to be paper_____. These are not small houses for children to play in, but real, big houses for people _____. You can buy a house with three rooms for about 500 dollars. You can put it up by yourself in a few hours, and you can use it for about five years.

- 1 A.apples B.books C.eats
- [2] A.is used B.used C.are used
- [3] A.your B.you C.yourself
- [4] A.sometime B.some times C.sometimes
- [5] A.warmer B.warm C.cold
- [6] A.had bought B.have had C.had had
- [7] A.for B.from C.of
- [8] A.and B.so C.but
- [9] A.newspaper B.tables C.houses
- [10] A.to live B.to live in C.living

12. 阅读理解

A frog (青蛙) lived in a small well (井). He said to a turtle (乌龟) who lived in the East Sea, "I'm so happy! When I go out, I jump out of the well. When I come home, I rest in the holes on the wall of the well. If I walk in the mud (泥土), it will cover up my feet. I look around here, and no one can compare with me. I'm the owner of this well. My dear sir, why don't you come over and look around my place?"

Then the turtle told the frog about the East Sea.

"You have no idea how large and how deep the sea is. In the past, there were floods (洪水) for many years, but the water in the sea didn't become more. And when it was dry for many years, the water in the sea didn't become less. The sea, doesn't change with time and it doesn't rise or fall as the rain falls, either. The greatest happiness is to live in the East Sea." After hearing this, the frog was shocked (震撼).

There's always someone better than you; there's always something greater than you know. So everyone should be humble(谦逊的). 根据短文内容判断正误,正确的在括号内填A,错误的在括号内填B。