## 2022至2019年高二上册期中英语试卷完整版(湖南省长沙市明德中学)

## 1. 阅读理解

Choose Your One-Day-Tours!

Tour A - Bath & Stonehenge including entrance fees to the ancient Roman bathrooms and Stonehenge - £ 37 until 26 March and £ 39 thereafter. Visit the city with over 2,000 years of history and Bath Abbey, the Royal Crescent and the Costume Museum, Stonehenge is one of the world's most famous prehistoric monuments dating back over 5,000 years.

Tour B - Oxford & Stratford including entrance fees to the University St Mary's Church Tower and Anne Hathaway's -£32 until 12 March and £36 thereafter. Oxford: Includes a guided tour of England's oldest university city and colleges. Look over the "city of dreaming spires(失项)" from St Mary's Church Tower. Stratford: Includes a guided tour exploring much of the Shakespeare wonder.

Tour C - Windsor Castle & Hampton Court: including entrance fees to Hampton Court Palace - £34 until 11 March and £37 thereafter. Includes a guided tour of Windsor and Hampton Court, Henry VILL's favorite palace. Free time to visit Windsor Castle(entrance fees not included). With 500 years of history. Hampton Court was once the home of four Kings and one Queen. Now this former royal palace is open to the public as a major tourist attraction. Visit the palace and its various historic gardens, which include the famous maze(迷宮) where it is easy to get lost!

Tour D—Cambridge including entrance fees to the Tower of Saint Mary the Great - £33 until 18 March and £37 thereafter. Includes a guided tour of Cambridge, the famous university town, and the gardens of the 18th century.

[1] Which tour will you choose if you want to see England's oldest university city?

A. Tour A B. Tour B

C. Tour C D. Tour D

[2] Which of the following tours charges the lowest fee on 17 March?

A. Windsor Castle & Hampton Court B. Oxford & Stratford

C. Bath & Stonehenge D. Cambridge

[3] Why is Hampton Court a major tourist attraction?

A. It used to be the home of royal families B. It used to be a well-known maze

C. It is the oldest palace in Britain D. It is a world-famous castle

## 2 阅读理解

My senior year of high school was a very hectic one, to say the least. If I wasn't studying or worrying about my grades, I was working on after-class activities. It seemed as if my life had turned into one crazy cloud of confusion and I hoped to find some sort of direction.

Finally, I got a part-time job at the local coffee shop. I had thought it would be easy and, for the most part, stress/free. I pictured myself pouring coffee and becoming close friends with my customers.

What I hadn't expected was the people with so many orders. There were moments when I was very angry simply because I couldn't seem to please anyone. There was always too much sugar, too little ice, or not enough skim milk. However, I kept at it.

One day, one of my customers came in, depressed. Before he left, I handed him a bag along with his iced coffee. He looked at me questioningly because he hadn't ordered anything but the coffee. He opened the bag and saw his favorite doughnut (甜甜園) I had given him. He smiled and thanked me before heading out into the rain. The next evening, he came. Instead of ordering something, he handed me a single pink rose and a note.

"Thanks for being so sweet and thoughtful yesterday. It is so nice to meet someone who's warm and unselfish. Please don't change your ways because I truly believe that you will do better. Have a great day!"

As time went on, I did come across some customers really particular. But anytime I felt depressed, I thought of that man and his kindness. Then I would smile, hold my head up high, clear my throat and ask politely, "How can I help you?"

[1] What does the underlined word "hectic" in Paragraph 1 mean?

A. Glad. B. Interesting.

C. Productive, D. Busy

[2] What can we know about the author's part-time job?

A. It is easy and stress-free. B. It is quite busy and challenging.

C. It doesn't need special skills. D. It gives the author a feeling of freshness.

[3] The customer's note

A. showed his thanks to the author. B. offered suggestions to the author.

C. encouraged the author to work harder. D. gave an explanation of his condition.

[4] What's the message the author want to convey?

A. Kind words are worth much but cost little.

B. It is impossible to satisfy everyone in our life.

C. A small act of kindness can make a big difference.

D. Our attitude determines our suffering or our freedom.

## 3. 阅读理解

Do you ever feel like you and your child are speaking two different languages? If so, you aren't alone. Many parents find it hard to communicate with their child. Even adults who work with children every day—teachers or coaches—sometimes need some communication tips. Many times adults confuse communication with telling a child what to do. Telling a child to do his homework or get more sleep isn't real communication. It's important information that your child needs, but it lacks an important part of communication. It's lacking the two-way exchange of feelings and ideas, which is the point of true communication. Healthy communication is the key to helping your child develop a healthy personality and good relationships with you. It gives your child a chance to become a happy, safe, healthy person, no matter what happens. So you know it's important, but how should you do it?

Effective communication between parents and children is not always easy. Children and adults have different communication styles and different ways of responding in a conversation. In addition, time and place can determine how successful communication will be. Parents should make time to talk with their children in a quiet, unhurried way. It's also important that parents should be ready to listen whenever their child wants to talk, even if it's an inconvenient time. The parents should be aware of their child's facial expression and body language. Is your child nervous or uncomfortable—frowning(皱眉), drumming fingers, tapping a foot or looking at the clock? Or does your child seem relaxed? Is he or she smiling or looking at you in the eyes? Reading these signs will help you know how your child is feeling.

[1] Which of the following belongs to real communication?

A. Telling children to return home early after school.

B. Reporting school results to parents.