## 哈尔滨市2022年高二英语下半年期中考试试卷带解析及答案

## 1. 阅读理解

The Adler Planetarium(天文馆) is part of the lake front's "Museum Campus", which along with the Shedd Aquarium(水族馆) and Field Museum, attracts a huge number of visitors every year. The Adler Planetarium is included with the purchase of a Go Chicago Card.

Address: 1300 South Lake Shore Drive

Phone: 312-922-STAR(7827)

Getting to the Adler Planetarium by Public Transportation:

Either the south-bound CTA bus line #146(Marine-Michigan), or Red Line CTA train south to Roosevelt, then take a Museum Campus trolley (电车) or take the CTA bus #12.

Driving from Downtown of Chicago:

Lake Shore Drive (US 41) south to 18th Street. Turn left onto Museum Campus Drive and follow it around Soldier Field. Look for signs that will point you to the visitor parking garage. The Adler Planetarium is just northeast of the parking garage.

Parking at the Adler Planetarium:

There are several lots(停车场) on the Museum Campus, but most tend to fill up quickly and your best bet is in the main parking garage. Parking for all lots is \$ 15 per day.

Adler Planetarium Hours:

Daily: 9: 30 a. m. -- 4: 30 p. m. The Adler Planetarium is open every day except Thanksgiving Day and Christmas. Extended Hours: From Memorial Day to Labor Day, the Adler Planetarium is open from 9: 30 a.m.--6: 00 p. m. daily. Adler Planetarium Tickets:

General Admission(exhibits only): Adults, \$ 7; Seniors (aged 65+), \$ 6; Children(ages 4--11), \$5.

[1] What is the correct route to the planetarium?

A. A Museum Campus trolley----the CTA bus #12.

B. The Red Line CTA train----a Museum Campus trolley. .

C. The CTA bus line #146----the Red Line CTA train.

D. The Lake Shore Drive(US 41)—the CTA bus line #146

[2] When can you enter the planetarium at 5 pm?

A. Weekdays. B. Sundays

C. Memorial Day, D. Thanksgiving Day.

[3] To visit the planetarium, how much should a couple with a 66-year-old man and 12-year-old son pay?

A. 18 dollars, B. 20 dollars.

C. 25 dollars, D. 27 dollars

## 2. 阅读理解

Gwendolyn Brooks was the first African American to win a Pulitzer Prize for Poetry. Gwendolyn Brooks wrote hundreds of poems during her lifetime. She was known around the world for using poetry to increase understanding about black culture in America.

Her poems described conditions among the poor, racial inequality and drug use in the black community. She also wrote poems about the struggles of black women. But her skill was more than her ability to write about struggling black people. She was an expert at the language of poetry. She combined traditional European poetry styles with the African American experience.

In her early poetry, Gwendolyn Brooks wrote about the South Side of Chicago. The South Side of Chicago is where many back people live. In her poems, the South Side is called Bronzeville. It was A Street in Bronzeville that gained the attention of literary experts in 1945. Critics praised her poetic skill and her powerful descriptions of the black experience during the time. The Bronzeville poems were her first published collection.

In 1950, Gwendolyn Brooks became the first African American to win the Pulitzer Prize for Poetry. She won the prize for her second book of poems called Annie Allen. Annie Allen is a collection of poetry about the life of a Bronzeville girl as a daughter, a wife and mother. She experiences loneliness, loss, death and being poor. Ms. Brooks said that winning the prize changed her life.